

APPENDIX B - Health and Wellbeing Strategic Priorities Dashboard

Better Public Health				
Priority		Exception Information		Additional information
		Indicator	Exception commentary	
Reduce Health Inequalities and Increase Life Expectancy			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth (Males) (Leics) (PHOF 0.2iii) 2. Slope index of inequality in life expectancy at birth (Females) (Leics) (PHOF 0.2iii) 3. Life expectancy at birth (Males) (Leics) (PHOF 0.1ii) 4. Life expectancy at birth (Females) (Leics) (PHOF 0.1ii) 5. Take up of the NHS Health Check Programme – by those eligible
Reduce Premature Mortality from Respiratory and Cardiovascular Disease			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Under 75 mortality rate from all cardiovascular diseases (Persons per 100,000) (Leics) (PHOF 4.04i) 2. Under 75 mortality rate from respiratory disease (Persons per 100,000) (Leics) (PHOF 4.07i)
Reduce Cancer Mortality			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Under 75 mortality rate from cancer (Persons per 100,000) (Leics) (PHOF 4.05i) 2. % of eligible women screened - breast cancer (Leics) (PHOF 2.20i) 3. % of eligible women screened - cervical cancer (Leics) (PHOF 2.20ii)
Healthy Weight Adults			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % of adults classified as overweight or obese (Leics) (PHOF 2.12)
Reduce the Harm of Substance Misuse - Drugs and Alcohol		% successful completion of drug treatment - non-opiate users (PHOF 2.15ii)	Drugs and alcohol indicator trends are generally positive. In terms of treatment completion rates, there is still some way to go to achieve the top quartile range compared to similar areas	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % successful completion of drug treatment - opiate users (PHOF 2.15i) 2. % successful completion of drug treatment - non-opiate users (PHOF 2.15ii) 3. Admissions to hospital for alcohol related causes (rate per 100,000) (Leics) (PHOF 2.18)
Improved Sexual Health		Chlamydia diagnoses (rate per 100,000 15-24 year olds) (Leics) (PHOF 3.02ii)	The diagnosis rate overall is low compared to England average however the rate for non-genitourinary (GU) settings is close to England Average.	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Chlamydia diagnoses (rate per 100,000 15-24 year olds) (Leics) (PHOF 3.02ii) 2. People presenting with HIV at a late stage of infection - % of presentations (Leics) (PHOF 3.04) 3. Under 18 conceptions (rate per 1,000) (Leics) (PHOF 2.04)
Tobacco Control and Smoking Cessation			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Prevalence of smoking among persons aged 18 years and over (Leics) (PHOF 2.14) 2. Number of self-reported 4 week smoking quitters (Leics) 3. % of women smoking at time of delivery (Leics) (PHOF 2.03)
Better Physical Health				
Priority		Exception Information		Additional information
		Indicator	Exception commentary	
Active Young People			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % of physically active adults (PHOF 2.13i)
Active Adults			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % of physically inactive adults (Leics) (PHOF 2.13i) 2. % of adults participating in one or more sports a week for 30 minutes or more (Leics)
Improving Children and Young Peoples Health				
Priority		Exception Information		Additional information
		Indicator	Exception commentary	
Child Healthy Weight and Good Diet			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % of children with excess weight - 4-5 year olds (Leics) (PHOF 2.06i) 2. % of children with excess weight - 10-11 year olds (Leics) (PHOF 2.06ii) 3. % children aged 5 years with one or more decayed, missing or filled teeth
Breastfeeding and Maternity Support		% of mothers breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks	The Breast Feeding 6-8 weeks prevalence target remains problematic particularly in the West of the County where breast feeding rates are lowest.	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % of mothers initiating breastfeeding 2. % of mothers breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks
Better Mental Health				
Priority		Exception Information		Additional information
		Indicator	Exception commentary	
Earlier Mental Health Detection and Treatment			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. % of people with a low satisfaction score - self-reported well-being (Leics) (PHOF 2.23i) 2. % of people with a low happiness score - self-reported well-being (Leics) (PHOF 2.23iii) 3. % of people with a high anxiety score - self-reported well-being (Leics) (PHOF 2.23iv) 4. Excess under 75 mortality rate in adults with serious mental illness (Leics) (PHOF 4.9) 5. Suicide rate (Persons per 100,000) (Leics) (PHOF 4.10)
Earlier Detection/ Treatment of mental health problems in children			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Emotional health of looked after children - mean SDQ scores 2. Waiting times for assessment by Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)
Effective Support for People with poor mental health			Performance on track	This section includes the following indicators: 1. Average length of stay in acute hospitals 2. Number of bed days commissioned from out of county hospitals 3. Delayed transfers of care (mental health service users) 4. % of adults in contact with secondary mental health services living in settled accommodation (ASCOF 1H)

KEY: