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Performance by Theme



Theme

Health - Adult

Comparator

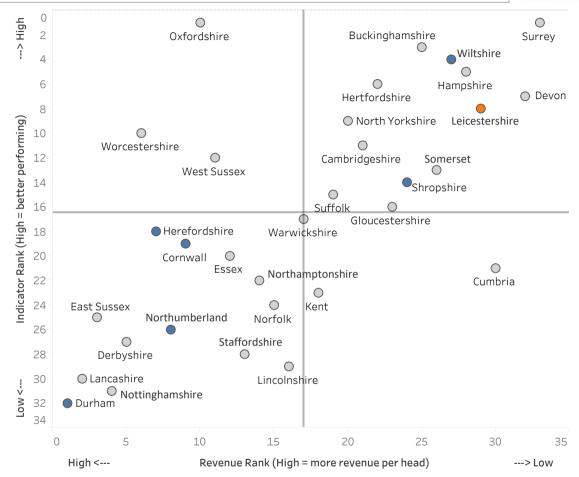


How to Read This Chart

The chart is divided up into quadrants based upon average rank for all indicators (vertical axis) and net revenue expenditure per head (horizontal axis) for county councils. Authorities in the top right quadrant are high performing and low spending, while authorities in the bottom left are low performing and high spending. The 'Deprivation' comparator uses local authority 2019 Multiple Deprivation rank.

'Overall Performance' is the rank of average rank for <u>all</u> indicators, while 'LA Core Performance' only includes themes that are related to county council functions:

- Adult Social Care
- Better Care Fund
- Children's Social Care
- Corporate
- Environment & Waste
- Health Adult
- Health Child
- Libraries
- Safer Communities
- SEND
- Transport & Highways



Source: LAIT, ASCOF, Fingertips, various. Produced by the Business Intelligence Service, Leicestershire County Council, 2020.

Performance by Theme



Theme

Health - Child

Comparator

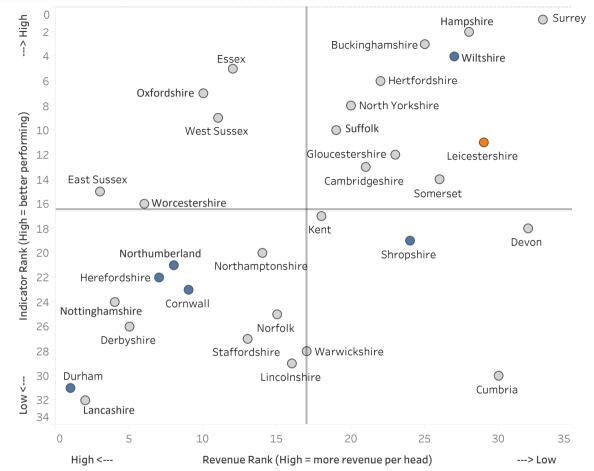


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Wellbe	ing - Public Health						
Strategic Plan	Description	Quartile position	Direction of Travel	End of Yr 2019/20	End of Yr 2018/19	Polarity	Commentary
	Public Health						
*	Life Expectancy – Males (Leics)	1st (Eng)	→	80.7	80.8	High	Males in Leicestershire can expect to live over 1 year longer than the average for England. To reduce health inequalities we are tackling the wider determinants of health through a range of projects/activity. Latest data is for the period 2016-18.
*	Life Expectancy – Females (Leics)	1st (Eng)	\rightarrow	84.2	84.1	High	Females in Leicestershire can expect to live 1 year longer than the average for England. Latest data is for the period 2016-18.
*	Healthy Life Expectancy – Males (Leics)	2nd (Eng)	\downarrow	63.8	65.2	High	Males in Leicestershire can expect to live almost half a healthy year longer than the average for England (63.4 years). Latest data is for the period 2016-18.
*	Healthy Life Expectancy – Females (Leics)	2nd (Eng)	\downarrow	63.9	65.7	High	Females in Leicestershire have the same healthy life expectancy as the average for England (63.9 years). Latest data is for the period 2016-18.
	Slope Index of Inequalities – Males (Leics)	1st (Eng)	↑	6.3	6.6	Low	The gap in life expectancy between the best-off and worst-off males in Leicestershire for 2016-18 is 6.3 years. Ranked 5th best out of 16 similar areas.
	Slope Index of Inequalities – Females (Leics)	2nd (Eng)	个	5	5.5	Low	The gap in life expectancy between the best-off and worst-off females in Leicestershire for 2016-18 is 5.0 years. Ranked 9th best out of 16 similar areas.
*	Under 75 CVD Mortality (per 100,000 population)	1st (Eng)	\rightarrow	61.1	62.1	Low	A variety of work contributes to reducing cardiovascular disease. Latest data is for the period 2016-18.
*	Under 75 Cancer Mortality (per 100,000 population)	1st (Eng)	→	120.7	119.8	Low	Various actions are being implemented to help people to adopt healthier lifestyles and become more aware of cancer risk factors. Latest data is for the period 2016-18.
*	Under 75 Respiratory Disease Mortality (per 100,000 population)	1st (Eng)	→	26.7	27.0	Low	Public health advice and support and wider prevention programmes for respiratory disease. Latest data is for the period 2016-18.

Wellbeing - Public Health							
Strategic Plan	Description	Quartile position	Direction of Travel	End of Yr 2019/20	End of Yr 2018/19	Polarity	Commentary
*	Age standardised mortality for preventative causes for age 75 and under	1st (Eng)	\	156.2	151.8	Low	Deaths are considered preventable if, in the light of the understanding of the determinants of health at the time of death, all or most deaths from the underlying cause (subject to age limits if appropriate) could potentially be avoided by public health interventions in the broadest sense.
*	Prevalence of smoking among persons aged 18 years and over	1st (Eng)	↑	12.0%	13.2%	Low	A new stop smoking service began in 2017. In 2019, the national average result was 13.9%.
	Rate of hospital admissions for alcohol related causes (per 100,000 population - Leics)	2nd (Eng)	\rightarrow	588	556	Low	Leicestershire has performed better than the England average since 2011/12. Latest data is for period 2018/19.
*	% who successfully completed drug treatment (non-opiate)	2nd (Eng)	↑	38.6%	34.7%	High	Data shows completions in 2018 with non re-presentations up to 6 months. The data presented is for Leicestershire and Rutland combined.
*	% who successfully completed drug treatment (opiate)	1st (Eng)	个	8.2%	5.5%	High	Data shows completions in 2018 with non re-presentations up to 6 months. The data presented is for Leicestershire and Rutland combined.
	Cumulative percentage of the eligible population aged 40-74 offered an NHS Health Check who received an NHS Health Check in a five year period	3rd (Eng)	-	N/A	42.8%	High	New health check service contract with the GPs has been agreed along with efforts to encourage pharmacies and GPs to work together to improve health check uptake. Data relates to the time period 2014/15 - 2018/19. No further update since value presented in 2018/19
*	% of adults classified as overweight or obese (Leics)	3rd (Eng)	\downarrow	64.5%	60.6%	Low	Data sourced from Active Lives Survey. Latest data is for period 2018/19.
*	% of physically active adults	2nd (Eng)	↑	68.3%	64.3%	High	Latest data, 2018/19, is derived from the Active Lives Survey. Leicestershire value is similar to the England value of 67.2%.
*	% of physically inactive adults	2nd (Eng)	个	19.5%	23.3%	Low	Latest data, 2018/19, is derived from the Active Lives Survey. Leicestershire value is significantly better than the England value of 21.4%.
	Fraction of mortality attributable to particulate air pollution	2nd (Eng)	\rightarrow	4.9%	5.3%	Low	Latest data is for 2018. In 2018, the value for Leicestershire has been the lowest since recording in 2010.

Description	Quartile position	Direction of Travel	End of Yr 2019/20	End of Yr 2018/19	Polarity	Commentary
Coronavirus Response						
Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2)	-	+	623.8		Low	Leicestershire ranked 60th highest out of 149 Upper Tier Local Authorities. National Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) is 631.2. Data as at week 38.
Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid- 19	-	-	77.6		Low	Cumulative death rate (per 100,000 population) based on occurrences from Covid-19 (up to 18th September 2020, but were registered to 26th September). The national cumulative death rate (per 100,000 population) is 89.4.
Number of excess deaths	-	-	538		Low	Cumulative excess deaths from week 1 to week 38 (18th September 2020)
% respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, including availability of support	1st/2nd	-	82.1%		High	The result is well above the England average of 49% and reflects the information campaign run by the Council.
	Coronavirus Response Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2) Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid-19 Number of excess deaths % respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, including availability of support	Coronavirus Response Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2) Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid-19 Number of excess deaths - % respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, including availability of support	Coronavirus Response Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2) Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid-19 - Number of excess deaths - % respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, including availability of support	Coronavirus Response Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2) Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid-19 - 77.6 Number of excess deaths % respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, including availability of support - 82.1%	Coronavirus Response Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2) Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid-19 - 77.6 Number of excess deaths - 538 % respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, including availability of support	Coronavirus Response Cumulative rate (per 100,000 population) of lab confirmed Covid-19 cases (Pillar 1 & 2) Cumulative death rate per 100,000 population for Covid-19 Number of excess deaths 538 Low % respondents feel well informed about coronavirus, 1st/2nd - 82.1% High

statistically significant change.

Wellbeing - Best Start in Life							
Strategic Plan	Description	Quartile position	Direction of Travel	End of Yr 2019/20	End of Yr 2018/19	Polarity	Commentary
*	Smoking at time of delivery (Leics & Rutland)	1st (Eng)	↑	8.5%	9.5%	Low	Significant decreasing trend was witnessed over the previous five years. The data presented is for Leicestershire and Rutland combined in 2018/19
*	Prevalence of breastfeeding at 6–8 weeks from birth (Leics)	2nd	\uparrow	47.1%	45.0%	High	Data is for 2018/19 and the prevalence for Leicestershire is similar to England (46.2%)
*	Percentage of 5 year olds with experience of visually obvious dental decay	1st (Eng)	↑	18.2%	22.3%	Low	Compared to the last survey results in 2016/17, there has been a significant improvement in 5 year olds with dental decay in Leicestershire in 2019/20. The latest result is significantly better than the national average.
*	% of providers in early years assessed as good or outstanding	3rd	\rightarrow	95.7%	95.0%	High	A high proportion of childcare providers in Leicestershire are rated as good or outstanding.
*	% take-up of free early education by 2 year olds	4th (2020)	\uparrow	64.0%	63.0%	High	Take up of free childcare places for 2 year olds is similar to the previous year.
*	% take-up of free early education by 3 & 4 year olds	2nd (2020)	\rightarrow	95.0%	96.0%	High	Take up for 3 and 4 year olds remains high.
*	% Achieving Good Level of Development (early years)	3rd (2019)	-	N/A	72.1%	High	Achievement in Leicestershire is now above the national average for the first time. Quartile position is in relation to 33 counties and reflects previous year's result.
*	% Inequality gap in achievement across early learning goals	2nd (2019)	-	N/A	28.7%	Low	Quartile position is in relation to 33 counties and reflects previous year's result.
*	Excess weight in primary school age children in Reception (Leics)	1st (Eng)	\uparrow	19.6%	24.3%	Low	Leicestershire performs significantly better than the England average of 22.6%, 2018/19.
*	Excess weight in primary school age children in Year 6 (Leics)	1st (Eng)	\uparrow	30.0%	32.7%	Low	Leicestershire performs significantly better than the England average of 34.3%, 2018/19.
*	Chlamydia diagnoses (per 100,000 aged 15-24) (Leics)	3rd (Eng)	\downarrow	1561	1734	High	Slight decline in performance in chlamydia detection rate from 2016 to 2018. No further update.
*	Under 18 conception (rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17) (Leics)	1st (Eng)	\rightarrow	12.2	12.3	Low	Leicestershire's teenage pregnancy rate has dropped for the 11th consecutive year - lower than East Midlands and England rates. Latest data is 2018.
	Notes: Public Health Outcomes Framework (PHOF) benchmarks a	ire compared	to all single / ι	upper tier au	uthorities		